Sean Parnell, Governor Susan K. Bell, Commissioner Linda S. Hall, Director

BULLETIN B 11-03

TO: ALL INSURERS ELIGIBLE TO WRITE NONADMITTED INSURANCE IN THE STATE OF ALASKA, ALL LICENSED SURPLUS LINES BROKERS, ALL INSUREDS INDEPENDENTLY PROCURING NONADMITTED INSURANCE AND OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES

RE: IMPLEMENTATION OF FEDERAL NONADMITTED AND REINSURANCE REFORM ACT IN ALASKA

This bulletin outlines nationwide regulatory changes that will affect the placement of nonadmitted insurance in Alaska. The Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010 (NRRA), 15 U.S.C. § 8201 *et seq.*, provides that only an insured's "home State" may require the payment of premium tax for nonadmitted insurance. Moreover, the NRRA subjects the placement of nonadmitted insurance solely to the statutory and regulatory requirements of the insured's home State, and provides that only the insured's home State may require a surplus lines broker to be licensed to sell, solicit, or negotiate nonadmitted insurance with respect to such insured. 15 U.S.C. § 8202(a)-(b) "Nonadmitted insurance," as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 8206(9), applies only to property and casualty insurance (excluding workers' compensation).

The NRRA becomes effective on July 21, 2011. For nonadmitted insurance business placed on or after July 21, 2011, the following information is provided for the benefit of insurers, brokers, and insureds:

What is the scope of the NRRA?

The NRRA states that "the placement of nonadmitted insurance shall be subject to the statutory and regulatory requirements solely of the insured's home State" and that the NRRA "may not be construed to preempt any State law, rule, or regulation that restricts the placement of workers' compensation insurance or excess insurance for self-funded workers' compensation plans with a nonadmitted insurer." 15 U.S.C. § 8202 The NRRA does not expand the scope of the kinds of insurance that an insurer may write in the nonadmitted insurance market and each state continues to determine which kinds of insurance an insurer may write in that state. Although the NRRA preempts certain state laws with respect to nonadmitted insurance, it does not have any impact on insurance offered by insurers licensed or authorized in Alaska.

What is the insured's home State for purposes of a particular placement?

Alaska is the insured's home State if the insured maintains its principal place of business here or, in the case of an individual, the individual's principal residence is here. If Alaska is considered

the insured's home State, only Alaska's requirements regarding the placement of such business will apply. If 100 percent of the insured risk is located outside of Alaska, then the insured's home State is the state to which the greatest percentage of the insured's taxable premium for that insurance contract is allocated.

If more than one insured from an affiliate group are named insureds on a single nonadmitted insurance placement, Alaska will be considered the home State for that placement if Alaska is the home State of the member of the affiliated group that has the largest percentage of premium attributed to it under such insurance contract.

How will these rules be applied?

New and renewal policies with an effective date before July 21, 2011 will be subject to the laws and regulations of Alaska and other jurisdictions, as applicable, as of the policy effective date. The laws and regulations of Alaska and other jurisdictions, as applicable, as of the effective date of such a policy will also apply to any modification to that policy during the policy period, such as all endorsements (including risk-bearing and premium-bearing endorsements) and premium audits. New and renewal policies with an effective date on or after July 21, 2011, and any modifications to them, will be subject only to the laws and regulations of Alaska if Alaska is the home State of the insured.

What are the requirements for premium tax allocation and payment in Alaska?

As of July 21, 2011, the NRRA permits only the insured's home State to require the payment of premium tax for nonadmitted insurance. Until July 21, 2011, the laws and regulations of Alaska and other jurisdictions, as applicable, will continue to apply to premium tax due on multi-state placements.

On July 21, 2011, Alaska officially executed the Nonadmitted Insurance Multi-State Agreement (NIMA) to become a participating state. For new and renewal multi-state policies, when Alaska is the insured's home State, with an effective date on or after July 21, 2011, the tax and fees paid to Alaska will be calculated as follows:

Total premium tax and fees to be collected on each multi-state policy = (home State's tax rate x portion of premium allocated to home State) + (home State's tax rate x premium allocated to non-participating state if insurer is nonadmitted in that state) + (participating states' tax rate x premium allocated to each participating state if insurer is nonadmitted in that state).

What are the license requirements for brokers?

Only the insured's home State may require a surplus lines broker to be licensed to sell, solicit, or negotiate nonadmitted insurance with respect to a particular placement. If Alaska is the insured's home State, the surplus lines broker must be licensed in Alaska.

¹ A participating state is one that signed the NIMA agreement to share premium tax on policies with multi-state exposures with the other NIMA States.

When is a diligent search required and when is a diligent search not required?

To be an eligible nonadmitted placement in Alaska, prior to binding the producing broker must provide to the surplus lines broker documentation of nonavailability or documentation that particular policy terms or conditions that are material to the insured cannot be obtained from an insurer that is admitted to do business in Alaska. The documentation must be maintained in both the producing broker and the surplus lines broker's insured file.

On or after July 21, 2011, a surplus lines broker seeking to procure or place nonadmitted insurance on behalf of an "exempt commercial purchaser" is not required to perform a diligent search if: 1) the broker has disclosed to the exempt commercial purchaser that insurance may or may not be available from the admitted market that may provide greater protection with more regulatory oversight; and 2) the exempt commercial purchaser has subsequently requested in writing for the broker to procure or place such insurance from a nonadmitted insurer. "Exempt commercial purchaser" is defined in AS 21.34.900(13) as having the meaning given under 15 U.S.C. 8206. See definition below.

What are the eligibility requirements for nonadmitted insurers?

The NRRA restricts the eligibility requirements a state may impose on nonadmitted insurers. 15 U.S.C. § 8204 For nonadmitted insurers domiciled in a United States jurisdiction, a broker is permitted to place nonadmitted insurance with such insurers provided they are authorized to write such business in their state of domicile and maintain minimum capital and surplus of \$15,000,000. AS 21.34.040

For nonadmitted insurers domiciled outside the United States, a broker may place business with such insurers provided the insurer is listed on the Quarterly Listing of Alien Insurers maintained by the International Insurers Department of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC).

What are the key definitions from the NRRA?

The NRRA includes several definitions relevant to Alaska's implementation of its requirements. Key definitions include the following:

Exempt commercial purchaser—The term "exempt commercial purchaser" means any person purchasing commercial insurance that, at the time of placement, meets the following requirements:

- (A) The person employs or retains a qualified risk manager to negotiate insurance coverage.
- (B) The person has paid aggregate nationwide commercial property and casualty insurance premiums in excess of \$100,000 in the immediately preceding 12 months.
 - (C)(i) The person meets at least 1 of the following criteria:
 - (I) The person possesses a net worth in excess of \$20,000,000, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to clause (ii).
 - (II) The person generates annual revenues in excess of \$50,000,000, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to clause (ii).

- (III) The person employs more than 500 full-time or full-time equivalent employees per individual insured or is a member of an affiliated group employing more than 1,000 employees in the aggregate.
- (IV) The person is a not-for-profit organization or public entity generating annual budgeted expenditures of at least \$30,000,000, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to clause (ii).
 - (V) The person is a municipality with a population in excess of 50,000 persons.
- (ii) Effective on the fifth January 1 occurring after the date of the enactment of this subtitle and each fifth January 1 occurring thereafter, the amounts in subclauses (I), (II), and (IV) of clause (i) shall be adjusted to reflect the percentage change for such 5-year period in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(5)

Home state—

- (A) In general.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term "home State" means, with respect to an insured—
 - (i) the State in which an insured maintains its principal place of business or, in the case of an individual, the individual's principal residence; or
 - (ii) if 100 percent of the insured risk is located out of the State referred to in clause (i), the State to which the greatest percentage of the insured's taxable premium for that insurance contract is allocated.
- (B) Affiliated groups.—If more than 1 insured from an affiliated group are named insureds on a single nonadmitted insurance contract, the term "home State" means the home State, as determined pursuant to subparagraph (A), of the member of the affiliated group that has the largest percentage of premium attributed to it under such insurance contract. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(6)

Independently procured insurance—The term "independently procured insurance" means insurance procured directly by an insured from a nonadmitted insurer. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(7)

Nonadmitted insurance—The term "nonadmitted insurance" means any property and casualty insurance permitted to be placed directly or through a surplus lines broker with a nonadmitted insurer eligible to accept such insurance. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(9)

Nonadmitted insurer—The term "nonadmitted insurer"—

- (A) means, with respect to a State, an insurer not licensed to engage in the business of insurance in such State; but
- (B) does not include a risk retention group, as that term is defined in section 2(a)(4) of the Liability Risk Retention Act of 1986 (15 U.S.C. 3901(a)(4)). 15 U.S.C. § 8206(11)

Premium tax—The term "premium tax" means, with respect to surplus lines or independently procured insurance coverage, any tax, fee, assessment, or other charge imposed by a government entity directly or indirectly based on any payment made as consideration for an insurance contract for such insurance, including premium deposits, assessments, registration fees, and any other compensation given in consideration for a contract of insurance. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(12)

Qualified risk manager—The term "qualified risk manager" means, with respect to a policyholder of commercial insurance, a person who meets all of the following requirements:

(A) The person is an employee of, or third-party consultant retained by, the commercial policyholder.

- (B) The person provides skilled services in loss prevention, loss reduction, or risk and insurance coverage analysis, and purchase of insurance.
 - (C) The person—
 - (i)(I) has a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited college or university in risk management, business administration, finance, economics, or any other field determined by a State insurance commissioner or other State regulatory official or entity to demonstrate minimum competence in risk management; and
 - (II)(aa) has 3 years of experience in risk financing, claims administration, loss prevention, risk and insurance analysis, or purchasing commercial lines of insurance; or (bb) has—
 - (AA) a designation as a Chartered Property and Casualty Underwriter (in this subparagraph referred to as "CPCU") issued by the American Institute for CPCU/Insurance Institute of America;
 - (BB) a designation as an Associate in Risk Management (ARM) issued by the American Institute for CPCU/Insurance Institute of America;
 - (CC) a designation as Certified Risk Manager (CRM) issued by the National Alliance for Insurance Education & Research;
 - (DD) a designation as a RIMS Fellow (RF) issued by the Global Risk Management Institute; or
 - (EE) any other designation, certification, or license determined by a State insurance commissioner or other State insurance regulatory official or entity to demonstrate minimum competency in risk management;
 - (ii)(I) has at least 7 years of experience in risk financing, claims administration, loss prevention, risk and insurance coverage analysis, or purchasing commercial lines of insurance; and
 - (II) has any 1 of the designations specified in subitems (AA) through (EE) of clause (i)(II)(bb);
 - (iii) has at least 10 years of experience in risk financing, claims administration, loss prevention, risk and insurance coverage analysis, or purchasing commercial lines of insurance; or
 - (iv) has a graduate degree from an accredited college or university in risk management, business administration, finance, economics, or any other field determined by a State insurance commissioner or other State regulatory official or entity to demonstrate minimum competence in risk management. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(13)

Surplus lines broker—The term "surplus lines broker" means an individual, firm, or corporation which is licensed in a State to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance on properties, risks, or exposures located or to be performed in a State with nonadmitted insurers. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(15.

State—The term "State" includes any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(16)

If you have questions regarding the survey or instructions, contact Rebecca Nesheim by phone, (907) 465-2584 or Joseph Boyle by phone, (907) 465-2577 or by e-mail at rebecca.nesheim@alaska.gov or joseph.boyle@alaska.gov

Dated: July 22, 2011

Linda S. Hall

Juda S. Hall

Director