

## Telehealth & Licensing During COVID-19

Guidance Regarding Alaska Telehealth Practice— Issued 3/18/20; Updated 3/1/21

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### I. What temporary waivers or emergency provisions are available to expedite or expand the practice of telehealth during the COVID-19 pandemic?

Alaska’s public health disaster emergency declaration expired on February 14, 2021. All health care providers must hold an Alaska license to practice on a person located in the state either in-person or via telehealth. In an emergent situation, we recommend applying for an emergency courtesy license. See the table below.

### II. What licensing documents do I need to file to practice telemedicine or telehealth in Alaska?

- Businesses offering telemedicine or telehealth must hold a valid [Alaska business license](#) and comply with other Alaska laws pertaining to business practices.
- Any business offering telemedicine or telehealth must be listed on the [Telemedicine Business Registry](#). This simple form can be downloaded [here](#). Licenses and telemedicine registrations can be verified [here](#).
- Courtesy licenses for emergency or temporary situations are offered by many boards; please see the table below for details.** These licenses are not dependent on a state-declared emergency. Anyone providing telemedicine or telehealth must hold an **Alaska license** to perform those services. Full applications and requirements can be found [online](#).
- Full licensure is available for all health care professions. Some professions also offer temporary licenses while awaiting an exam.** Please visit [professionallicense.alaska.gov](http://professionallicense.alaska.gov) to find yours. **Please allow enough time to process your permanent license application before expiry of a courtesy license or waiver.** Note that some processes may be delayed or unavailable in the case of sickness or office closure. Every effort is being made to offer online services and/or reassign staff to meet the licensing needs of primary care professions.

### New COVID-19 Health Care Provider Licensing Flexibility

Board	Practice Option	Duration of License/Scope	Initial Cost	Authority
Medical	<b>Emergency Courtesy License*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physician, osteopath, podiatrist</li> <li>• Physician Assistant</li> <li>• Paramedic</li> </ul>	Six months + can be renewed for six months or until the board determines the emergency to no longer exist	\$110  \$70 (MICP)	12 AAC 40.045
	<b>Expanded MICP scope of practice</b>	Until December 31, 2021	N/A	Authorized by the board 2-19-21
	<b>Current licensing period extended</b>	Until April 1, 2021	N/A	Director order

## Telehealth & Licensing During COVID-19

Nursing	<b>Emergency Courtesy License*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Registered Nurse</li> <li>Advanced Practice Registered Nurse</li> <li>Licensed Practical Nurse</li> </ul>	120 days + can be renewed for 120 days; expires no later than 18 months of initial issue	\$100	12 AAC 44.318
	<b>Current licensing period extended*</b>	Until March 1, 2021	N/A	12 AAC 44.315
Pharmacy	<b>Emergency Permit*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pharmacist</li> <li>Pharmacy technician</li> <li>Pharmacy intern</li> </ul>	90 days	\$100	12 AAC 52.110
Professional Counseling	<b>Emergency Courtesy License*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Professional Counselor</li> </ul>	120 days + can be renewed for 120 days	\$0	12 AAC 62.450
Psychology	<b>Emergency Courtesy License*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Psychologist</li> <li>Psychological Associate</li> </ul>	120 days + can be renewed for 120 days	\$250	12 AAC 60.036
Marital and Family Therapy	<b>Emergency Courtesy License*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Marital and Family Therapist</li> </ul>	120 days + can be renewed for 120 days	\$350	12 AAC 19.210
Social Work	<b>Emergency Courtesy License*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clinical Social Worker</li> </ul>	90 days + can be renewed for 90 days	\$85	12 AAC 18.111
Direct-Entry Midwifery	<b>Emergency Courtesy License*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Direct-Entry Midwife</li> </ul>	120 days	\$1000	12 AAC 14.125

\* Adopted as emergency and permanent regulations, effective immediately upon filing. Information subject to change.

**Check regulations, web page, and application for complete details on qualifications, scope of practice, applicable laws, and application requirements.** Qualifications generally include current, unencumbered license in another jurisdiction. May vary by license type and will require a complete application and payment of fees. Visit [professionallicense.alaska.gov](http://professionallicense.alaska.gov) and click on your licensing program to access additional information, including contacts for your licensing program.

**Practice under any professional license is subject to the laws of the State of Alaska.** Be sure you are informed prior to working.

Special note: **Emergency courtesy licenses may be issued only for a limited scope in response to an urgent situation.** "Urgent situation" means a health crisis affecting all or part of the state that requires increased availability of healthcare providers as determined by the board. It is not dependent upon an official declaration by the governor and cannot be used for another purpose.

Many boards have also eliminated unnecessary administrative burdens such as notary requirements on license applications.

### III. What are the state licensing laws and regulations regarding prescribing via telecommunication?

#### MEDICAL BOARD

## Telehealth & Licensing During COVID-19

- May prescribe a drug that is not a controlled substance without conducting a physical examination as described in AS 08.64.364(a) below
- May prescribe a controlled substance without conducting a physical examination as described in AS 08.64.364(b) below
- May prescribe buprenorphine without first conducting a physical examination as described in 12 AAC 40.943(b) below

**AS 08.64.364. Prescription of drugs without physical examination.** (a) The board may not impose disciplinary sanctions on a physician or physician assistant for rendering a diagnosis, providing treatment, or prescribing, dispensing, or administering a prescription drug that is not a controlled substance to a person without conducting a physical examination if

- (1) the physician, physician assistant, or another licensed health care provider in the medical practice is available to provide follow-up care; and
- (2) the physician or physician assistant requests that the person consent to sending a copy of all records of the encounter to the person's primary care provider if the prescribing physician or physician assistant is not the person's primary care provider and, if the person consents, the physician or physician assistant sends the records to the person's primary care provider.

(b) The board may not impose disciplinary sanctions on a physician or physician assistant for prescribing, dispensing, or administering a prescription drug that is a controlled substance or botulinum toxin if the requirements under (a) of this section and AS 08.64.363 are met and the physician or physician assistant prescribes, dispenses, or administers the controlled substance or botulinum toxin when an appropriate licensed health care provider is present with the patient to assist the physician or physician assistant with examination, diagnosis, and treatment.

(c) Notwithstanding (a) and (b) of this section,

- (1) a physician may not prescribe, dispense, or administer an abortion-inducing drug under (a) of this section unless the physician complies with AS 18.16.010; and
- (2) a physician or physician assistant may not prescribe, dispense, or administer a prescription drug in response to an Internet questionnaire or electronic mail message to a person with whom the physician or physician assistant does not have a prior physician-patient relationship.

(d) In this section,

- (1) "controlled substance" has the meaning given in AS 11.71.900;
- (2) "prescription drug" has the meaning given in AS 08.80.480;
- (3) "primary care provider" has the meaning given in AS 21.07.250.

**12 AAC 40.943. STANDARDS OF PRACTICE FOR TELEMEDICINE.** (a) The guiding principles for telemedicine practice in the American Medical Association (AMA), *Report 7 of the Council on Medical Service (A-14), Coverage of and Payment for Telemedicine*, dated 2014, and the Federation of State Medical Boards (FSMB), *Model Policy for the Appropriate Use of Telemedicine Technologies in the Practice of Medicine*, dated April 2014, are adopted by reference as the standards of practice when providing treatment, rendering a diagnosis, prescribing, dispensing, or administering a prescription or controlled substance without first conducting an in-person physical examination under AS 08.64.364.

(b) During a disaster emergency declared by the governor, an appropriate licensed health care provider need not be present with the patient to assist a physician or physician assistant with examination, diagnosis, and treatment if the physician or physician assistant is prescribing, dispensing, or administering buprenorphine to initiate treatment for opioid use disorder and the physician or physician assistant

- (1) is a waived practitioner under 21 U.S.C. 823(g)(2) (Drug Addiction Treatment Act (DATA));
- (2) documents all attempts to conduct a physical examination under AS 08.64.364(b) and the reason why the examination cannot be performed; and
- (3) requires urine or oral toxicology screening as part of the patient's medication adherence plan.

## **BOARD OF NURSING**

LPNs and RNs may perform telehealth within the scope of practice of their Alaska license. Additional standards for advanced practice registered nurses (APRNs) are below:

**12 AAC 44.925. STANDARDS OF PRACTICE FOR TELEHEALTH.** (a) The guiding principles for telehealth practice in the American Telemedicine Association (ATA), Core Operational Guidelines for Telehealth Services Involving Provider-Patient Interaction, dated May 2014, and the American Psychiatric Association (APS) and the American Telemedicine Association (ATA), Best Practices in Videoconferencing-Based Telemental Health, dated April 2018, are adopted by reference as the standards of practice when providing treatment, rendering a diagnosis, prescribing, dispensing, or administering a prescription or controlled substance without first conducting an in-person physical examination under this section.

(b) An advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) may practice telehealth, including prescribing, dispensing, or administering a prescription drug that is not a controlled substance if

(1) the APRN is licensed by the board;

(2) the APRN, or another licensed health care provider in the group practice is available to provide follow-up care; and

(3) the APRN requests that the person consent to sending a copy of all records of the encounter to the person's primary care provider if the prescribing APRN is not the person's primary care provider and, if the person consents, the APRN sends the records to the person's primary care provider.

(c) An APRN may prescribe, dispense, or administer a prescription drug that is a controlled substance if the requirements under (b) of this section and AS 08.68.705 are met and the APRN prescribes, dispenses, or administers the controlled substance when an appropriate health care provider is present with the patient to assist the APRN with examination, diagnosis, and treatment.

(d) Notwithstanding (c) of this section, during a public health disaster emergency declared by the governor of this state under AS 26.23.020, an appropriate health care provider need not be present with the patient to assist an APRN with examination, diagnosis, and treatment if the APRN is prescribing, dispensing, or administering buprenorphine to initiate treatment for opioid use disorder and the APRN

(1) is a Drug Addiction Treatment Act (DATA) waived practitioner;

(2) documents all attempts to conduct a physical examination under this section and the reason why the examination cannot be performed; and

(3) requires urine or oral toxicology screenings as part of the patient's medication adherence plan.

(e) Notwithstanding (b) and (c) of this section, an APRN may not prescribe, dispense, or administer a prescription drug in response to an Internet questionnaire or electronic mail message to a person with whom the APRN does not have a prior APRN-patient relationship.

(f) For a telehealth encounter, an APRN must complete and document:

(1) the patient's informed consent to use telehealth technologies;

(2) a clinical history and review of systems establishing diagnoses and identifying conditions and contra-indications to recommended treatment; and

(3) a treatment plan that lists all recommendations and prescriptions issued via electronic means. The treatment plan must meet the same standards as in-person settings.

(g) An APRN practicing telehealth must ensure compliance with HIPAA and medical record retention rules, and transmissions, including patient e-mail, prescriptions, and laboratory results must be secure within existing technology to include password-protected, encrypted electronic prescriptions, or other reliable authentication techniques.

### **ALL PRESCRIBERS:**

#### **Electronic Prescribing**

## Telehealth & Licensing During COVID-19

Electronic prescribing is not mandatory in Alaska; however, the Board of Pharmacy explicitly allows the use of electronic prescribing technology for the purpose communicating therapeutic substitutions of equivalent drug products or interchangeable biological products. There is no requirement to prescribe controlled substances or non-controlled substances electronically; providers may do so in order to provide necessary treatment.

### Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP)

**Registrations** -- All pharmacists dispensing controlled substances in Alaska and all practitioners with the authority to prescribe controlled substances must register promptly with the PDMP as required under AS 17.30.200.

**Reviewing** – Practitioners must review a patient’s prescription history in the PDMP prior to prescribing, administering, or directly dispensing a federally-scheduled II or III controlled substance beyond a 3-day supply, unless the prescription is given in an inpatient setting, at the scene of an emergency or in an ambulance, emergency room, immediately before, during, or within the first 48 hours after surgery or a medical procedure, or in a hospice or nursing home as exempted by AS 17.30.200(k). Pharmacists are not required to review patient prescription information prior to dispensing but can do so in the course of exercising professional judgment.

**Reporting** – A pharmacist-in-charge of each pharmacy dispensing federally scheduled II – IV controlled substances in the state must report to the PDMP daily as required by AS 17.30.200(b). If a pharmacist-in-charge is not available, any pharmacist may report on the pharmacy’s behalf. Practitioners who directly dispense are also required to report federally scheduled II – IV controlled substances daily, unless the prescription is administered at a healthcare facility, correctional facility, in-patient pharmacy, or emergency department, or if the prescription is written for an outpatient supply intended to last no more than two (2) days under AS 17.30.200(u). Exempt facilities include facilities defined in AS 18.07.111 and AS 18.20.499.

The division and our partner licensing boards are working to identify opportunities to ensure access to health care for those who are sick and to address economic hardships to licensees. **If you have suggestions or questions, please navigate directly to your program at [professionallicense.alaska.gov](https://professionallicense.alaska.gov). For fastest response, send a message directly to the program’s email address.** You may email our general delivery box at [license@alaska.gov](mailto:license@alaska.gov), or contact our front office at (907)269-8160 or (907) 465-2550. Please note that volume is currently high, and you may experience a delay if contacting us by phone.



For more information on professional licensing during the coronavirus pandemic, please visit <https://www.commerce.alaska.gov/web/cbpl/CBPLCOVID-19Information.aspx>.

For statewide updates on the coronavirus pandemic, visit [covid19.alaska.gov](https://covid19.alaska.gov).

**For additional information, visit [professionallicense.alaska.gov](https://professionallicense.alaska.gov).**